

Masters Programme in Computer Science

Choosing Tracks

Masters Programme

Studies on the advanced level

Acquire specialised knowledge, skills and capacities in relation to first-cycle programmes by:

- ▶ further developing the students' ability to integrate and apply knowledge autonomously
- ▶ developing the students' ability to deal with complex phenomena, issues and situations
- ▶ developing the students' potential for employment that demands great autonomy or for research and development work

Role of the Tracks

Students should

- ▶ demonstrate knowledge and understanding in the main field of study, including both broad knowledge of the field and a considerable degree of specialised knowledge in certain areas of the field as well as insight into current research and development work
- ▶ demonstrate specialised methodological knowledge in the main field of study
- ▶ demonstrate the skills required for participation in research and development work or autonomous employment in some other qualified capacity.

Words of advice

- ▶ Design your track to go deep into one field of CS
- ▶ Make use of excellent research at KTH
- ▶ Select track courses around a common theme

Tracks

- ▶ Autonomous Systems
- ▶ Computer Security
- ▶ IT Management
- ▶ Program System Technology
- ▶ Language Technology
- ▶ Theoretical Computer Science
- ▶ Computational Biology
- ▶ Computer Systems Engineering
- ▶ Sound and Music Computing

Autonomous Systems

- ▶ Robotics
- ▶ Artificial Neural Networks
- ▶ Search Engines
- ▶ Image Processing and Computer Vision
- ▶ Machine Learning
- ▶ Pattern Recognition
- ▶ Distributed AI

Computer Security

- ▶ Software Security
- ▶ Network Security
- ▶ Basic Cryptography
- ▶ IT and the Law
- ▶ Parallel and Distributed Processing

IT Management

- ▶ IT-Management with Enterprise Architecture
- ▶ Global IT Management
- ▶ Industrial Economy
- ▶ Project Management
- ▶ Process Development and Quality
- ▶ Decision Theory

Program System Technology

- ▶ Parallel and Distributed Processing
- ▶ Automata and Language
- ▶ Advanced Object Oriented Systems
- ▶ Internet Programming
- ▶ Software Security
- ▶ Compiler Construction
- ▶ Problem Solving and Programming under Stress

Language Technology

- ▶ Language Technology
- ▶ Multi-modal Interactions and Interfaces
- ▶ Search Engines and Information Search Methods
- ▶ Automata and Language
- ▶ Machine Learning
- ▶ Internet Programming

Theoretical Computer Science

- ▶ Basic Cryptography
- ▶ Complexity Theory
- ▶ Statistical Methods in Computer Science
- ▶ Automata and Language
- ▶ Combinatorics
- ▶ Parallel and Distributed Processing
- ▶ Software Security

Computational Biology

- ▶ Algorithmic Bioinformatics
- ▶ Omics and Systems Biology
- ▶ Artificial Neural Networks
- ▶ Machine Learning
- ▶ Neural- and Biomodelling
- ▶ Genetics and Genomics
- ▶ Cell- and Molecular Biology

Computer Systems Engineering

- ▶ Compilers and Execution Environments
- ▶ Parallel Computer Systems
- ▶ Software for Embedded Systems
- ▶ Computer Systems Architectures
- ▶ Digital Construction

Sound and Music Computing

- ▶ Audio Techniques
- ▶ Music Acoustics
- ▶ Sound in Interaction
- ▶ Multi-modal Interaction and Interfaces
- ▶ Speech Technology
- ▶ Recognition of Speech and Speakers