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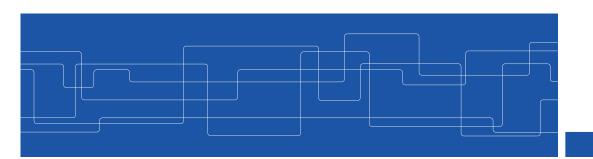


Time

Why is time important?

Time

Vladimir Vlassov and Johan Montelius



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The clock is not enough

In an asynchronous system clocks can not be completely trusted.

Nodes will not be completely synchronized.

We still need to:

- · talk about before and after
- order events
- · agree on order



Logical time

All events in one process are ordered.

The sending of a message occurs before the receiving of the message.

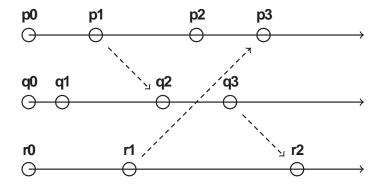
Events in a distributed system are partially ordered.

The order is called *happened before*.

Logical time gives us a tool to talk about ordering without having to synchronize clocks.



Partial order



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Lamport clock

One counter per process:

- initially set to 0
- each process increment only its own clock
- sent messages are tagged with time stamp

Receiving a message:

• set the clock to the greatest of the internal clock and the time stamp of the message

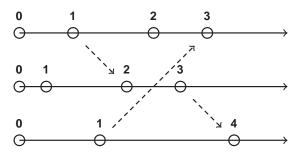
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Lamport clock



If e1 happened before e2 then the time stamp of e1 is less than the time stamp of e2. e1 happend-before e2 \rightarrow L(e1) < L(e2)

What do we know if the time stamp of *e1* is less than the time stamp of *e2*?



Let's play a game

DON'T VIOLATE THE "HAPPEND BEFORE" ORDER!

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Can we do better

We should be able to time stamp events so that we can capture the partial order.

We want to look at two time stamps and say:

if the time stamps are ordered then the events are ordered

 $T(e1) < T(e2) \rightarrow e1$ happend-before e2



Vector clock

A **vector** with one counter per process:

- initially set to <0,....>
- each process increments only its own index
- sent messages are tagged with a vector

Receiving a message:

• merge the internal clock and the time stamp of the message

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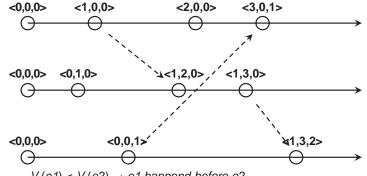
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Vector clock



V (e1) < V (e2) \rightarrow e1 happend-before e2 How do we define < over vector clocks?



Pros and cons

The partial order is complete; we can look at the time stamp and determine if two events are ordered.

The vectors will take up a some space and could become a problem.

What should we do if more processes come and leave, there is no easy mechanism to add new clocks to the system.

Vector clocks could be over-kill.

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Summary

If we can not trust real clocks to be synchronized we have to use something else.

Logical time captures what we need:

- Lamport clock: sound
- Vector clock: complete

Implementation issues:

- do we have to time stamp everything
- how do we handle new processes

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