

**SF 2720, Homework assignment 2 – due Tuesday 11. 10. 2016.**

- (1) (Exercise 3.9, [BV]). Determine whether the maps  $f$  and  $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are topologically conjugate for
- $f(x) = x, g(x) = x^2$ ;
  - $f(x) = x/3, g(x) = 2x$ ;
  - $f(x) = 2x, g(x) = x^3$ .

- (2) (Exercise 3.16, [BV]). Compute the topological entropy of the endomorphism of the torus  $\mathbb{T}^2$  induced by the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (3) (Exercise 3.18, [BV]). Let  $f : X \rightarrow X$  be a continuous map of a compact metric space, and take  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ .

This exercise shows that  $h(f^k) = kh(f)$ .

- a). Writing  $d_{n,f} = d_n$  and  $N_f(n, \varepsilon) = N(n, \varepsilon)$ , show that  $d_{n,f^k}(x, y) \leq d_{nk,f}(x, y)$ , and thus

$$N_{f^k}(n, \varepsilon) \leq N_f(nk, \varepsilon).$$

- b). Conclude that  $h(f^k) \leq kh(f)$ .

- c). Show that

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \log N_f(nk, \varepsilon) \leq h(f^k).$$

Hint: By the uniform continuity of  $f$ , given  $\varepsilon > 0$ , there exists a  $\delta(\varepsilon) \in (0, \varepsilon)$  such that  $d_k(x, y) < \varepsilon$  when  $d(x, y) < \delta(\varepsilon)$ . Hence it follows from

$$d_{nk,f}(x, y) = \max\{d_k(f^{ik}(x), f^{ik}(y)) : 0 \leq i \leq n - 1\}$$

that

$$d_{n,f^k}(x, y) \geq \delta(\varepsilon) \text{ when } d_{nk,f}(x, y) \geq \varepsilon,$$

which yields the inequality

$$N_f(nk, \varepsilon) \leq N_{f^k}(n, \delta(\varepsilon))$$

- d). Use inequality (3.23) and Theorem 3.4 [BV] to conclude that  $h(f^k) \geq kh(f)$ .

- (4) (Exercise 8.3.7, [“small” KH]). Consider the closed unit disk in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and the map  $f_\lambda$  on it defined in polar coordinates by  $f_\lambda(re^{i\theta}) = \lambda re^{2i\theta}$ , where  $0 \leq \lambda \leq 1$ .

- Show that  $h_{top}(f_1) \geq \log 2$ ;
- Show that  $h_{top}(f_\lambda) = 0$  for  $\lambda < 1$ .