Types, Semantics, and Programming Languages (IK3620)

Exercises for Module 3 Subtyping and Polymorphism $_{\rm Version~1.0}$

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Introduction

Welcome to the third course module for the course *Types*, *Semantics*, and *Programming Languages* (*IK3620*). In this module you will learn about different forms of polymorphism.

1.1 Submit your solutions

Please see the course website about deadlines and details of how to submit the solutions. http://www.kth.se/social/group/ik3620/

1.2 Resources

The main resource for module 3 is the TAPL book by Pierce [1], as well as 3 papers. Please see the course website for links.

Polymorphism Overview

2.1 Explanation of concepts

Read the following:

- 1. Sections 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3 of the paper by Cardelli and Wegner.
- 2. Sections 19.3 and 23.2 in TAPL.

Task

Briefly answer each of the following questions:

- 1. What is a monomorphic language and why is it restrictive?
- 2. What does static type checking mean and what are the pros and cons compared to dynamic checking?
- 3. Explain briefly the concept of parametric polymorphism by giving a small example in a language of your choice.
- 4. How does ad hoc polymorphism and universal polymorphism differ? Try to give examples in a language of your choice that illustrate the difference.
- 5. According to Cardelli and Wegner, there are two main categories of ad hoc polymorphism. Explain the difference between these two forms.
- What is the difference between nominal and structural type systems? Give examples of languages that use either of them and discuss some pros and cons.

Subtype Polymorphism

3.1 Arrow type

The subtyping rule for arrow types (TAPL page 184) is reversed (contravariant) for argument types.

Task

Give an example that clearly demonstrates why covariant would be wrong for argument types. Give a detailed explanation.

3.2 Algorithmic Subtyping

The typing rules presented in TAPL chapter 15 are not syntax directed and it is therefore non trivial to write a type checker directly based on these rules. A solution to this problem is to translate the rules into rules for algorithmic subtyping, as presented in TAPL chapter 16.

Task

Extend your language from module 2 with:

- 1. record types, as presented in TAPL chapter 11.8
- 2. algorithmic subtyping, as presented in TAPL chapter 16.

Note that your language must also handle at least two base types, e.g., integers and booleans. In your presentation, show at least 3 test programs that illustrate the use of subtyping. The examples should both be presented in the PDF, and as program files in the repository. Please explain exactly how a user should execute these test programs.

Parametric Polymorphism

4.1 System F

Read chapter 23.

Task

- 1. Write out the type derivation tree for the term doubleNat, as stated on page 345 in TAPL. Note that you should expand the term double before writing out the term. For readability, you may use abbreviations for certain terms, as long as you clearly define these definitions and that you show the complete derivation tree.
- 2. Solve TAPL exercise 23.4.4. Advice: start by first performing 23.4.3. If you get stuck, there is a solution for 23.4.3 in the book. As stated in the book, the exercise is best done online using the fullomega checker.

Adhoc Polymorphism and Gradual Typing

5.1 Type Classes

Read the paper by Wadler and Blott (1989)

Task

Explain in your own words the limitations of ad hoc polymorphism, and the key ideas of type classes, as presented by the authors. Your explanation should be approximately one page long.

5.2 Gradual Typing

Read the sections 1 and 2 of the paper by Siek and Taha.

Task

Select a term (an expression) of your choice that demonstrates the idea of gradual typing. For this expression, show the type derivation using the typing rules presented in the paper (Figure 2). Also, explain clearly why this term is a good example that illustrates gradual typing.

Bibliography

[1] Benjamin C. Pierce. Types and Programming Languages. The MIT Press, 2002