

Since  $Z_f$  is equal to zero and also  $Z_1$ (positive) and  $Z_2$ (negative) have the same values of impedances so multiplying the positive sequence impedance i.e  $Z_{thpu}$  calculated in S2 with 2 and  $I_a$  is the same as calculated above i.e  $I_{o\_shctpu}$  so the formula becomes:

$$Z_{othpu} = (3 \cdot V_t / I_{o\_shctpu}) - (2 \cdot Z_{thpu})$$

The value of terminal voltage is 1 per unit.

$$Z_{othpu} = 0.0025 + 0.0121i$$

**Transformer T1** is zero grounded shown by subscript 0 but there is no change in its impedance so taking it from S2 denoted  $Z_{T1pu}$  and also the value of **shunt capacitance** is the same.

In positive sequence (S2) we did consider the seventh node because we had a voltage source there but in case of zero sequence there is no voltage source so node 7 will be eliminated and the Y-bus matrix will be of order 6\*6. Following the same procedure for the calculation of the Y-bus matrix i.e