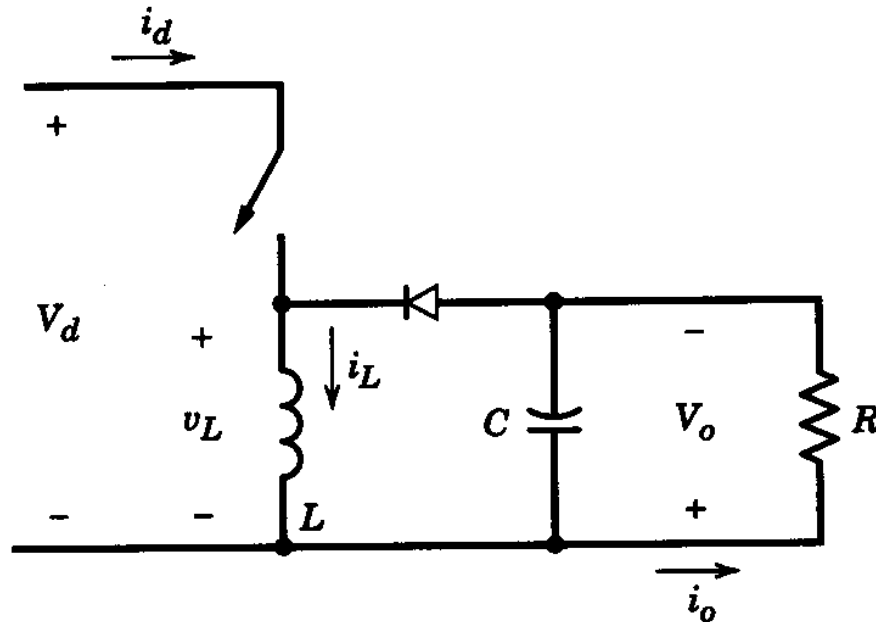


# Step-Down/Up DC-DC Converter



**Figure 7-18** Buck–boost converter.

- The output voltage can be higher or lower than the input voltage

# Step-Down/ Up DC-DC Converter: Waveforms

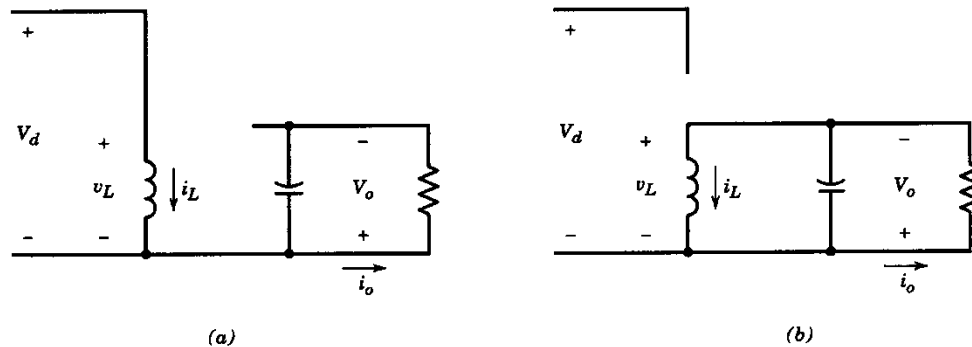
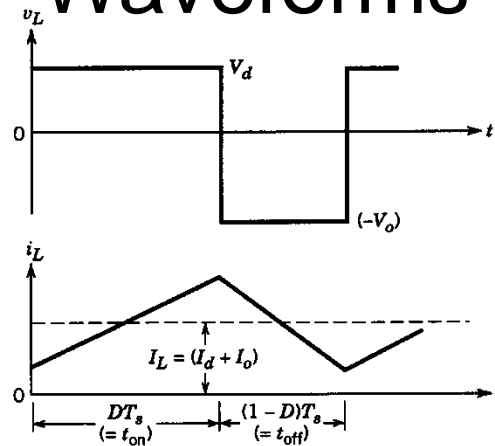


Figure 7-19 Buck-boost converter ( $i_L > 0$ ): (a) switch on; (b) switch off.

- Continuous conduction mode

# Step-Down/ Up DC-DC Converter: Limits of Cont./Discont. Conduction

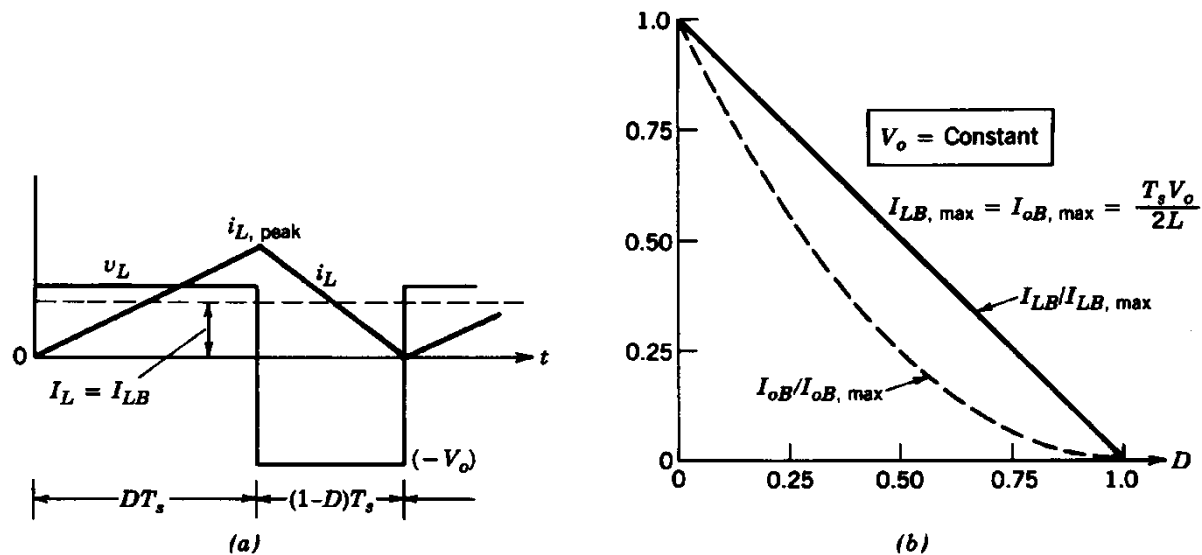
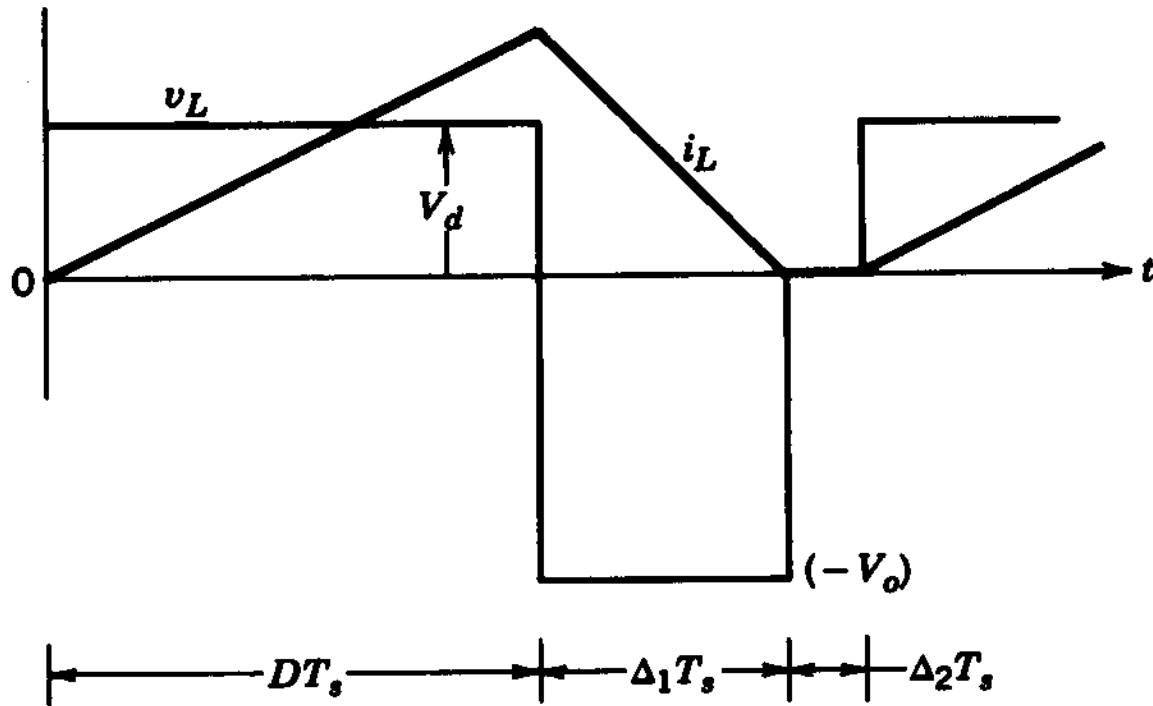


Figure 7-20 Buck-boost converter: boundary of continuous-discontinuous conduction.

- The output voltage is held constant

# Step-Down/ Up DC-DC Converter: Discontinuous Conduction Mode



**Figure 7-21** Buck–boost converter waveforms in a discontinuous-conduction mode.

- This occurs at light loads

# Step-Down/ Up DC-DC Converter: Limits of Cont./Discont. Conduction

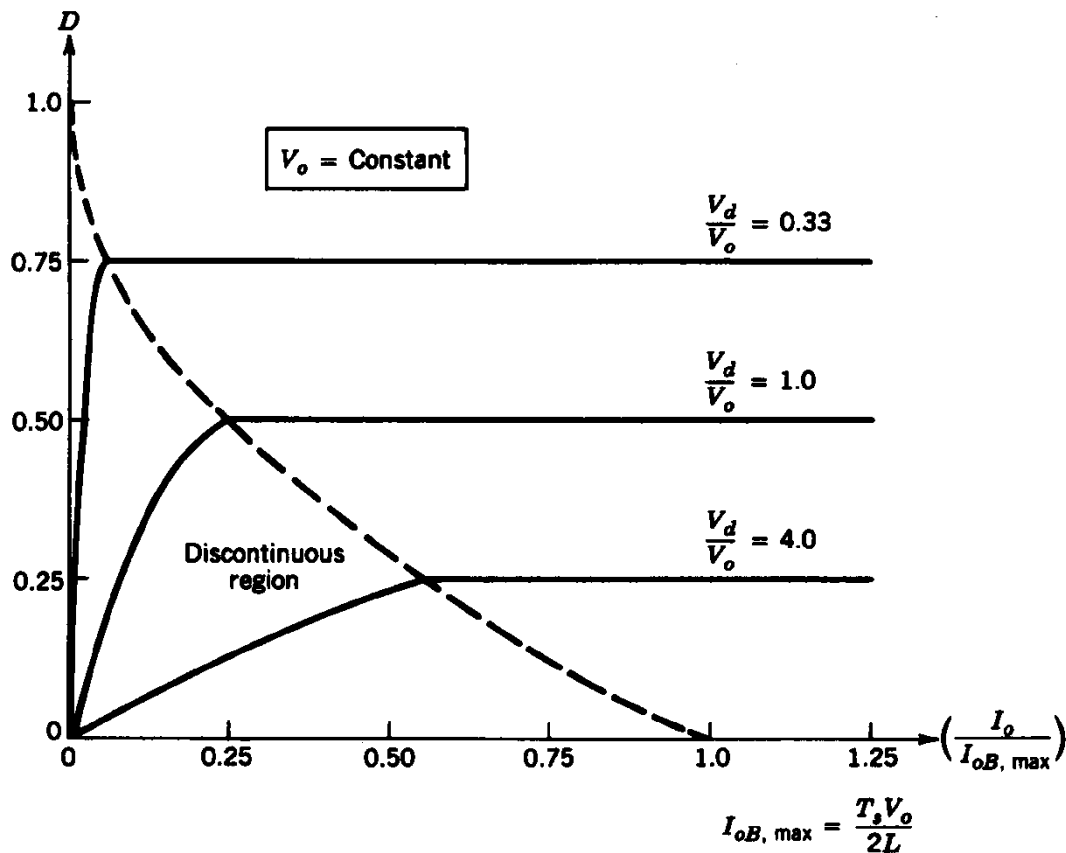
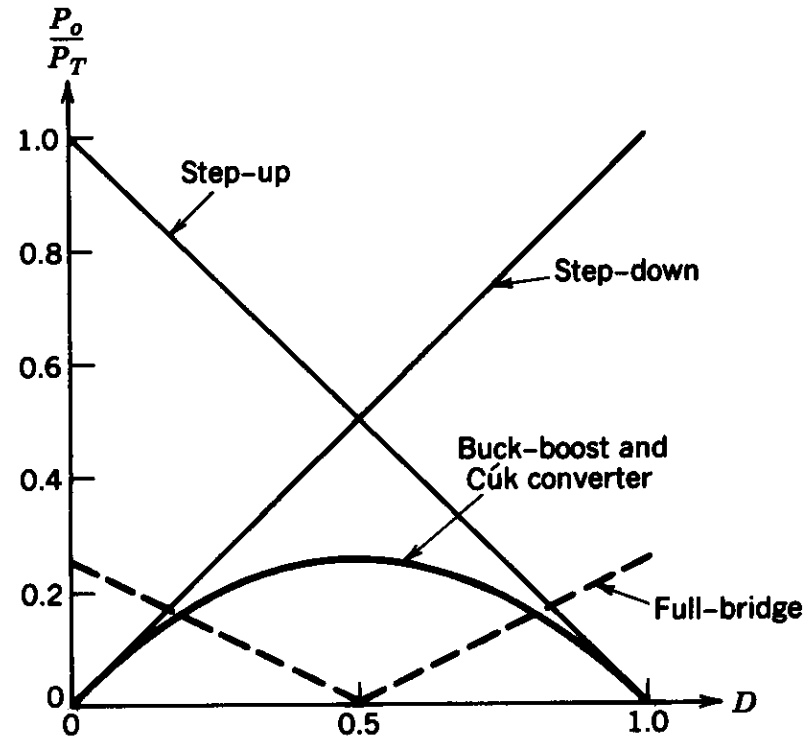


Figure 7-22 Buck-boost converter characteristics keeping  $V_o$  constant.

- The output voltage is held constant

# Switch Utilization in DC-DC Converters



**Figure 7-31** Switch utilization in dc-dc converters.

- It varies significantly in various converters