

# Särtryck ur 7:e upplagan av "Elementary Linear Algebra".

## EXERCISE SET 9.7

1. Find the quadratic forms associated with the following quadratic equations.

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{(a)} \quad x^2 + 2y^2 - z^2 + 4xy - 5yz + 7x + 2z = 3 & \text{(b)} \quad 3x^2 + 7z^2 + 2xy - 3xz + 4yz - 3x = 4 \\
 \text{(c)} \quad xy + xz + yz = 1 & \text{(d)} \quad x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 7 \\
 \text{(e)} \quad 3z^2 + 3xz - 14y + 9 = 0 & \text{(f)} \quad 2z^2 + 2xz + y^2 + 2x - y + 3z = 0
 \end{array}$$

2. Find the matrices of the quadratic forms in Exercise 1.

3. Express each of the quadratic equations given in Exercise 1 in the matrix form  $\mathbf{x}^T A \mathbf{x} + K\mathbf{x} + j = 0$ .

4. Name the following quadrics.

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 \text{(a)} \quad 36x^2 + 9y^2 + 4z^2 - 36 = 0 & \text{(b)} \quad 2x^2 + 6y^2 - 3z^2 = 18 & \text{(c)} \quad 6x^2 - 3y^2 - 2z^2 - 6 = 0 \\
 \text{(d)} \quad 9x^2 + 4y^2 - z^2 = 0 & \text{(e)} \quad 16x^2 + y^2 = 16z & \text{(f)} \quad 7x^2 - 3y^2 + z = 0 \\
 \text{(g)} \quad x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 25
 \end{array}$$

5. In each part determine the translation equations that will put the quadric in standard position.

Name the quadric.

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{(a)} \quad 9x^2 + 36y^2 + 4z^2 - 18x - 144y - 24z + 153 = 0 & \text{(b)} \quad 6x^2 + 3y^2 - 2z^2 + 12x - 18y - 8z = -7 \\
 \text{(c)} \quad 3x^2 - 3y^2 - z^2 + 42x + 144 = 0 & \text{(d)} \quad 4x^2 + 9y^2 - z^2 - 54y - 50z = 544 \\
 \text{(e)} \quad x^2 + 16y^2 + 2x - 32y - 16z - 15 = 0 & \text{(f)} \quad 7x^2 - 3y^2 + 126x + 72y + z + 135 = 0 \\
 \text{(g)} \quad x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 4y - 6z = 11
 \end{array}$$

6. In each part find a rotation  $\mathbf{x} = P\mathbf{x}'$  that removes the cross-product terms. Name the quadric and give its equation in the  $x'y'z'$ -system.

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{(a)} \quad 2x^2 + 3y^2 + 23z^2 + 72xz + 150 = 0 & \text{(b)} \quad 4x^2 + 4y^2 + 4z^2 + 4xy + 4xz + 4yz - 5 = 0 \\
 \text{(c)} \quad 144x^2 + 100y^2 + 81z^2 - 216xz - 540x - 720z = 0 & \text{(d)} \quad 2xy + z = 0
 \end{array}$$

In Exercises 7–10 translate and rotate the coordinate axes to put the quadric in standard position.

Name the quadric and give its equation in the final coordinate system.

7.  $2xy + 2xz + 2yz - 6x - 6y - 4z = -9$

8.  $7x^2 + 7y^2 + 10z^2 - 2xy - 4xz + 4yz - 12x + 12y + 60z = 24$

9.  $2xy - 6x + 10y + z - 31 = 0$

10.  $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 5z^2 - 4xy - 2xz + 2yz + 10x - 26y - 2z = 0$

11. Prove Theorem 9.7.1.

# Svar till uppgifter

## EXERCISE SET 9.7 (page 499)

1. (a)  $x^2 + 2y^2 - z^2 + 4xy - 5yz$    (b)  $3x^2 + 7z^2 + 2xy - 3xz + 4yz$   
 (c)  $xy + xz + yz$    (d)  $x^2 + y^2 - z^2$   
 (e)  $3z^2 + 3xz$    (f)  $2z^2 + 2xz + y^2$

2. (a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{5}{2} & -1 \end{bmatrix}$    (b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -\frac{3}{2} & 2 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$    (c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$    (d)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

(e)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{3}{2} & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$    (f)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

3. (a)  $[x \ y \ z] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{5}{2} & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} + [7 \ 0 \ 2] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} - 3 = 0$

(b)  $[x \ y \ z] \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -\frac{3}{2} & 2 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} + [-3 \ 0 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} - 4 = 0$

(c)  $[x \ y \ z] \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} - 1 = 0$    (d)  $[x \ y \ z] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} - 7 = 0$

(e)  $[x \ y \ z] \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{3}{2} & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} + [0 \ -14 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} + 9 = 0$

(f)  $[x \ y \ z] \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} + [2 \ -1 \ 3] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = 0$

4. (a) Ellipsoid  
 (b) Hyperboloid of one sheet  
 (c) Hyperboloid of two sheets  
 (d) Elliptic cone  
 (e) Elliptic paraboloid  
 (f) Hyperbolic paraboloid  
 (g) Sphere
5. (a)  $9x'^2 + 36y'^2 + 4z'^2 = 36$ , ellipsoid  
 (b)  $6x'^2 + 3y'^2 - 2z'^2 = 18$ , hyperboloid of one sheet  
 (c)  $3x'^2 - 3y'^2 - z'^2 = 3$ , hyperboloid of two sheets  
 (d)  $4x'^2 + 9y'^2 - z'^2 = 0$ , elliptic cone  
 (e)  $x'^2 + 16y'^2 - 16z' = 0$ , elliptic paraboloid  
 (f)  $7x'^2 - 3y'^2 + z' = 0$ , hyperbolic paraboloid  
 (g)  $x'^2 + y'^2 + z'^2 = 25$ , sphere

6. (a)  $25x'^2 - 3y'^2 - 50z'^2 - 150 = 0$ , hyperboloid of two sheets  
 (b)  $2x'^2 + 2y'^2 + 8z'^2 - 5 = 0$ , ellipsoid  
 (c)  $9x'^2 + 4y'^2 - 36z' = 0$ , elliptic paraboloid  
 (d)  $x'^2 - y'^2 + z' = 0$ , hyperbolic paraboloid

7.  $x''^2 + y''^2 - 2z''^2 = -1$ , hyperboloid of two sheets      8.  $x''^2 + y''^2 + 2z''^2 = 4$ , ellipsoid

9.  $x''^2 - y''^2 + z'' = 0$ , hyperbolic paraboloid      10.  $6x''^2 + 3y''^2 - 8\sqrt{2}z'' = 0$ , elliptic paraboloid