



AH2923 Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS)

7.5 credits

Globala satellitnavigeringssystem (GNSS)

Course syllabus for AH2923 valid from Autumn 13

This is a translation of the Swedish, legally binding, course syllabus.

Grading scale: A, B, C, D, E, FX, F

Education cycle: Second cycle

Main field of study: -

Intended learning outcomes

Theoretical and practical basics of satellite positioning by the global systems: GPS, GLONASS, Galileo, etc. An introduction also to other geodetic satellite methods.

After the course, students will be able to:

- describe the principle of satellite positioning methods, the main components in a satellite navigation system and their functions
- account for and analyse the influence of different error sources on the positioning precision
- plan, perform and process precise GNSS measurements
- identify proper instruments, measurement and processing methods for different applications

Course main content

- History of satellite geodesy
- Satellite orbit computation and representations
- Signal propagation in the atmosphere
- Satellite positioning: systems, observables and computations
- Statistical concepts including Kalman filtering and smoothing
- Applications of GNSS. Other geodetic satellite systems

Disposition

Lectures 24h

Laborations 40h

Language of instruction

Language of instruction is specified in the course offering information in the course and programme directory.

Eligibility

- a) Eligibility to CSAMH
- b) Eligibility to TTGTM or TAEEM or TELFM program

Literature

Sjöberg, LE (2009) Theory of satellite geodesy, KTH

Hofmann-Wellenhof, et al. (2008): GNSS, Springer

Examination

- LAB1 - Laboratory Work, 3.0 credits, grading scale: P, F
- TEN1 - Examination, 4.5 credits, grading scale: A, B, C, D, E, FX, F
- TEN1 - Written exam 4.5 credits, grading: A, B, C, D, E, FX, F
- LAB1 - Approved laboratory reports 3 credits, grading: P, F

Requirements for final grade

Examination, approved laboratory work